

**BAA 09-018**

**High-bandwidth Free-space Lasercomm  
Industry Day**



**ONR**

**03 April 2009**

**Presented by:**

**Dr. Santanu Das (code 31)**

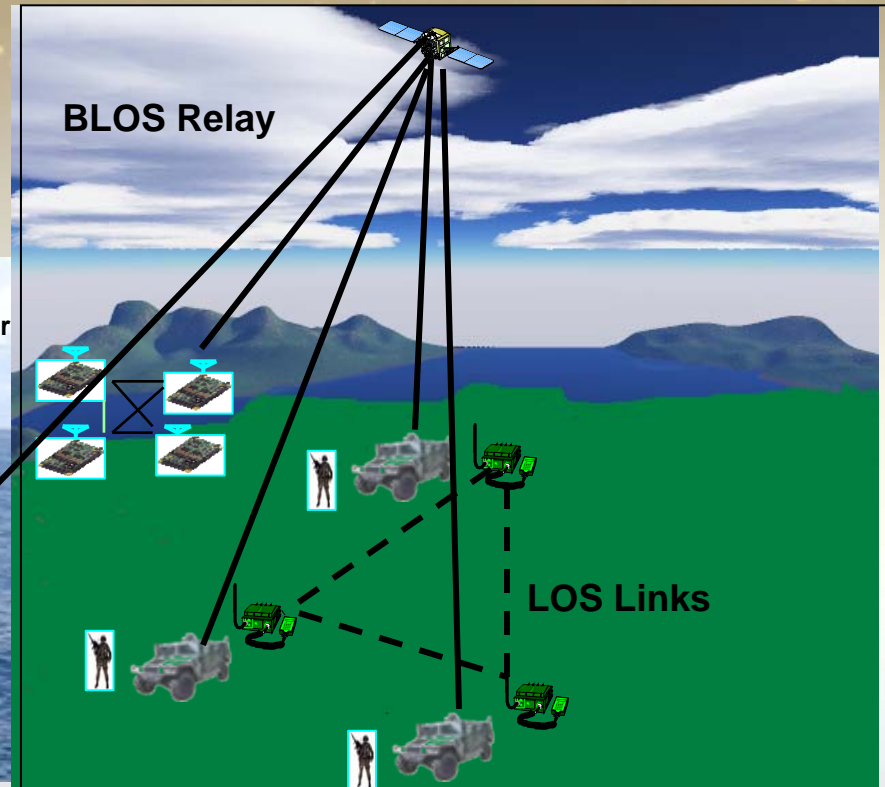
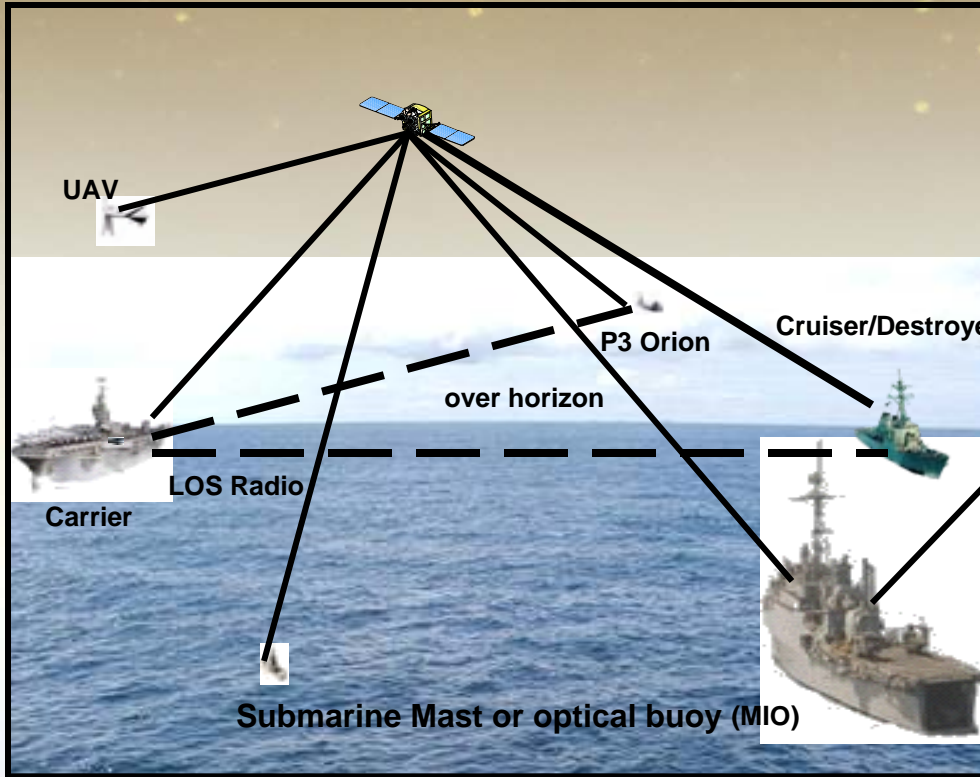
**Co-Mgr: Mr. John Moniz (code 30)**

*Revolutionary Research . . . Relevant Results*

# AGENDA

- Overview (Dr. Santanu Das ONR)
- Tactical Edge Navy USMC Discussion (Mr. Ray Cole NRL)
- BAA Technical Briefing ( Dr. Christopher Moore NRL)
- BAA In-Depth Modulating Retro Reflector Discussion (Dr. William Rabinovich NRL)
- Discussion/Questions

# CURRENT CAPABILITY



**SATCOM (kbps to several Mbps)**

**LOS: CDL and TCDL (10 to 274 Mbps)**

**HCLOS (8-16 Mbps, up to 20 nm)**

**DWTS(MRC-142) (576 Kbps, up to 25 nm)**

**TSSR (GRC 39) (5 Mbps, up to 5-10 nm)**

# LASERCOMM DRIVERS

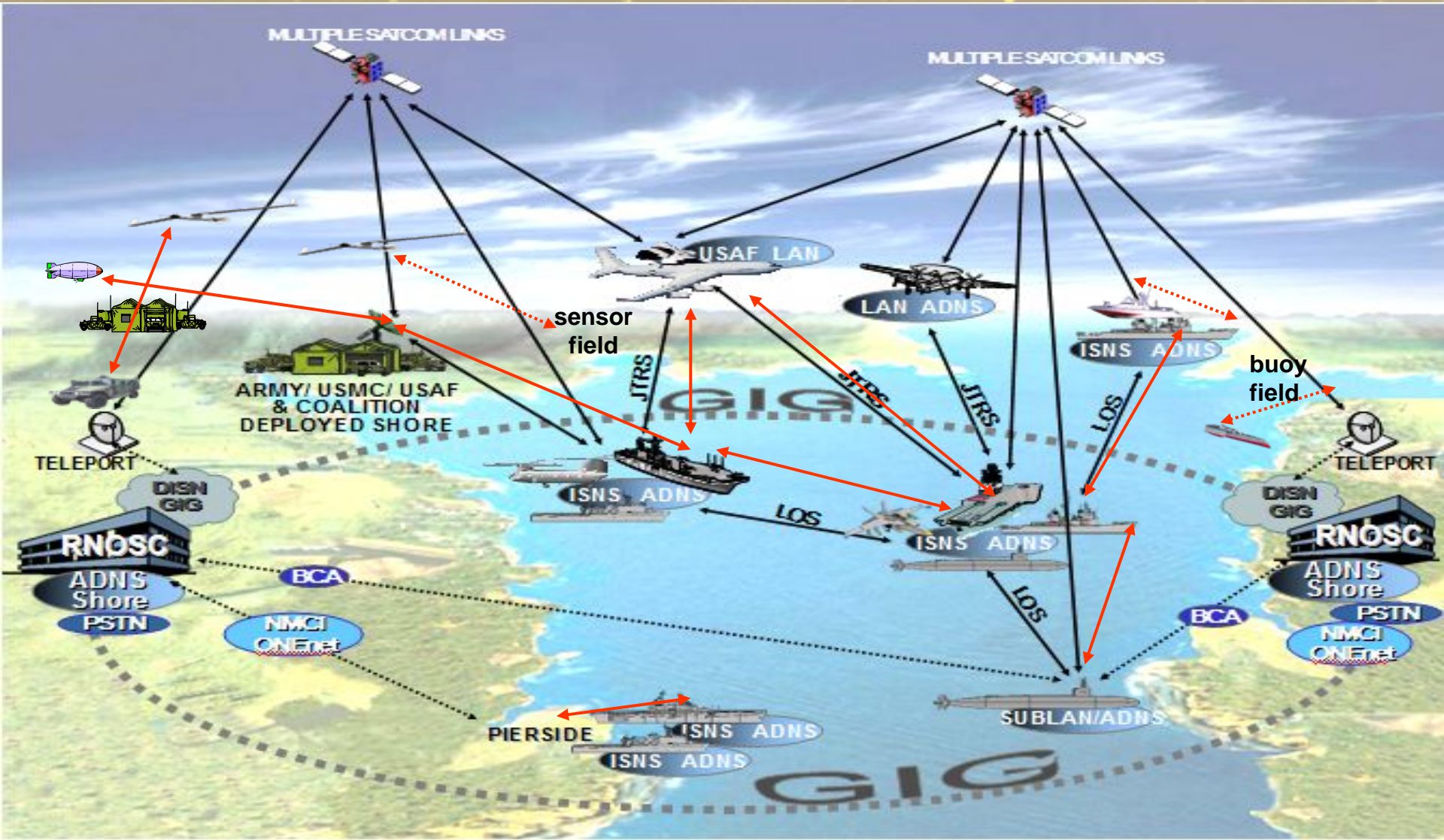
- BANDWIDTH
- SPECTRUM
- EP (LPI/LPD/AJ)
- SWaP and COST

“The number one priority from the Fleet Top Ten is Bandwidth and every ESG/CSG returns from deployment asking for more.” (VADM Harris)

“Information dominance is key to our success, spectrum access is indispensable in achieving that dominance” (Defense Science Board)

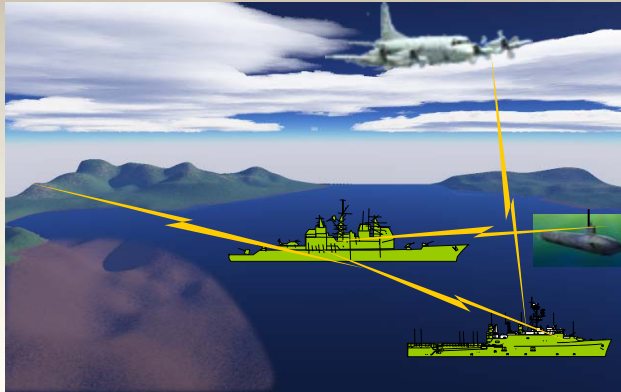
“... will continue to mitigate anti-access threats ... secure broadband communications into denied or contested areas to support penetrating surveillance and strike systems” (DoD, 2006, pp. 30–31)

# LASERCOMM OV-1



# CONOPS

**Bidirectional Point-to-Point**  
 Pier-side communications  
 Ship-to-ship and -submast comms  
 Ship-to-air (P3,E2C,GH) comms



**Bidirectional Point-to-Point**

Expeditionary  
 Forward Operating  
 Base reachback to  
 the COC/GIG

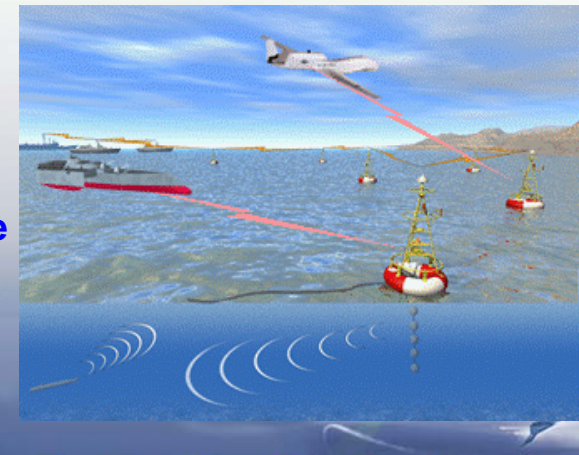


**Asymmetric (Retro-reflector)**  
**Point-to-point**

Biometric Comms for MIO boarding parties



**Asymmetric (Retro-reflector)**  
**Point-to-point**  
 ASW and Mine warfare  
 C2 & sonar data  
 exfiltration  
 (LCS, buoy, UxV)



# CHALLENGES

- Scintillation (Long fades)
- Large optical receiver dynamic range
- Background light
- Performance impact from clouds, snow, fog, aerosols
- Aero-optics introduced optical aberrations
- Fast acquisition and tracking (GPS to closed-loop)
- Fine pointing system technologies (fast steering mirrors, optical phased array wave front sensors, etc)
- Stabilized turrets under high acceleration
- (MRU) Overcoming  $1/R^4$  range losses and double atmospheric propagation
- (MRU) Achieving wide field of view, long-range and high speed simultaneously
- Effects of sea spray on optical windows
- MANET operation